

## Reception

The pupil can....

# Decoding:

- Distinguish between a word, a letter and a space.
- Use developing GPC knowledge to sound and blend simple VC and CVC words.
- Know a wider range of GPCs and can sound and blend to read most CVC words (including words with double letters, e.g. bell, hill).
- Point to a full stop in text.
- Start to blend adjacent consonants in words (in a range of combinations: CVCC CCVC).
- Read words with consonant diagraphs: ch, sh, th, ng.
- Read most of YR high frequency word list.
- Know the function of full stops when reading and shows this in their reading aloud.
- Read most common CVC words automatically, without the need for sounding and blending.
- Confidently sound and blend words containing vowel and consonant digraphs and some words with adjacent consonants.

#### Retrieval:

- -Talk about the main points / key events in a text (e.g. main story setting, events, principle character).
- Know that information can be retrieved from different sources of information such as books, posters and computers
- -Retell familiar stories with growing confidence.
- -Talk about main points or key events in a simple text.
- -Sequence the important parts of a familiar story in order.

## Exploration:

- -State simple likes / dislikes about familiar texts.
- -Recognise language patterns in stories, rhymes and poems (e.g. repeated phrases, rhyme, alliteration).
- -Understand the terms: book, cover, beginning, middle, end, page, word, letter, line.
- -Talk about the main points / key events in a text (e.g. main story setting, events, principle character).

## Analysing:

- -Understand the terms: book, cover, beginning, middle, end, page, word, letter, line.
- -Recognise language patterns in stories, rhymes and poems (e.g. repeated phrases, rhyme, alliteration).
- -Sequence the important parts of a story that is known to the reader in order.





- -Recognise language patterns in stories, rhymes and poems (e.g. repeated phrases, rhyme, alliteration).
- -Know that information can be retrieved from different sources of information such as books, posters and computers.

#### Deduction and inference:

- -When prompted, use illustrations to support talk about what is happening in a text and to predict what might happen next.
- -Start to make predictions based on titles, text, blurb and / or illustrations.
- -When prompted, use illustrations to support talk about what is happening in a text and to predict what might happen next.
- Start to make predictions based on titles, text, blurb and / or illustrations.